# Opinion Piece/Sharing

# Environmental Issues and Solutions (Malaysia)

Mid-term meeting AFEO Environmental Engineering Working Group May 2019, Brunei

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#### Introduction

• Many of the environmental problems that occur in the country are due to the following main factors:

•Lack of environmental considerations in the exploitation, development and management of resources.

•Lack of control of pollution sources resulting in the ecosystem extending beyond the limits of its resilience.

- Over exploitation of natural resources such as
  - Forest for timber;
  - Land for agriculture, housing, industry and minerals;
  - Raw water for water supply; and
  - Irrigation and electricity generation without proper controls.

that contribute to the environmental problems

- Industrial as well as urban development without proper planning, assessment and effective pollution measures.
- It resulted in further stress to the receiving environment.

- As a consequence the country today is faced with problems of:
  - > Water pollution;
  - > Air pollution;
  - Solid waste pollution;
  - Illegal dumping hazardous wastes; and
  - > Noise pollution.

- In addition, the country is also experiencing transboundary environmental problems such as
  - Haze;
  - Illegal discharge of hazardous wastes into Malaysia waters; and
  - Illegal importation of hazardous substances banned or severely restricted by the country of origin.

- Pollution problems and environmental degradation become increasingly prominent agendas in the midst of our aggressive but decisive approach to develop.
- The thrust of environmental management is to strike a balance between development needs and the environmental objectives.

- In order to reduce the environmental issues, the environmental management must give due consideration to economic growth, reduction in resource consumption and declining environmental degradation.
- Emphasis must be given to the integration of environmental dimensions in all project planning and implementation.

- In Malaysia, the main environmental problems in the past were largely due to discharges from the primary commodities sector mainly rubber and palm oil industries as well as domestic sewage industries.
- Pollution from the processing of natural rubber and palm oil were minimized with the introduction of the Environmental Quality Act 1974 (EQA).

- The remedial approach, which constitutes enforcement of the EQA and its regulations, is insufficient and inadequate to tackle the emerging environmental problems.
- It is due to the accelerated growth in the industrial sector and infrastructure development in the 1980's.

- A preventive approach was therefore adopted to complement the remedial approach taken in the 1970's.
- The preventive approach emphases land use planning, the integration of environmental factors in the implementation of development projects and the conduct of Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA).

- Also, in line with the National Policy on the Environment, the Department of Environment adopted the following strategies:
  - Pollution prevention and control;
  - Integration of environmental dimension in development planning;

- Sustainable development through conservation of resources;
- Promotion of environmental education and awareness;
- Inter-agency and Federal-State cooperation; and
- Bilateral, regional and international cooperation.

# Conclusion

- Environment issues in Malaysia are currently under control and manageable.
- Environmental solutions could be better depending on the economic aspects of Malaysia.
- Ministry will implement more stringent environmental regulation in the near future.